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7	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT				
8	DISTRICT OF NEVADA				
9					
10	DONALD OKADA,)		
11	Plaintiff(s),)	Case No.	2:14-cv-01601-RCJ-NJK
12	VS.)		DENYING MOTION TO
13	NEVADA PROPERTY 1, LLC,)	COMPE	L
14	Defendant(s).)	(Docket 1	No. 42)
15			_)		
16	Pending before the Court is Plaintiff's Mo	otion	n to Com	pel, filed	on October 23, 2014. Docket
17	No. 42. For the reasons discussed below, the motion is hereby DENIED without prejudice.				
18	The Court's initial inquiry regarding a motion to compel is whether the movant made				
19	adequate meet and confer efforts. Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 37(a)(1) requires that a motion				
20	to compel discovery "must include a certification that the movant has in good faith conferred or				
21	attempted to confer" with the non-responsive party. Similarly, Local Rule 26-7(b) provides that				
22	"[d]iscovery motions will not be considered unless a statement of the movant is attached thereto				
23	certifying that, after personal consultation and sincere effort to do so, the parties have not been able				
24	to resolve the matter without Court action."				
25	The case law in this District is clear that "personal consultation" means the movant must				
26	"personally engage in two-way communication with the nonresponding party to meaningfully discuss				
27	each contested discovery dispute in a genuine effort to avoid judicial intervention." ShuffleMaster,				
28	Inc. v. Progressive Games, Inc., 170 F.R.D. 166	6, 17	′1-72 (D	. Nev. 199	96). This obligation

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"promote[s] a frank exchange between counsel to resolve issues by agreement or to at least narrow and focus matters in controversy before judicial resolution is sought." *Nevada Power v. Monsanto*, 151 F.R.D. 118, 120 (D.Nev.1993). To meet this obligation, parties must "treat the informal negotiation process as a substitute for, and not simply a formal prerequisite to, judicial review of discovery disputes." *Id.* This is done when the parties "present to each other the merits of their respective positions with the same candor, specificity, and support during the informal negotiations as during the briefing of discovery motions." *Id.* "Only after all the cards have been laid on the table, and a party has meaningfully assessed the relative strengths and weaknesses of its position in light of all available information, can there be a 'sincere effort' to resolve the matter." *Id.* To ensure that parties comply with these requirements, movants must file certifications that "accurately and specifically convey to the court who, where, how, and when the respective parties attempted to personally resolve the discovery dispute." *ShuffleMaster*, 170 F.R.D. at 170.

The Court has reviewed the pending certification of counsel. Docket No. 42-1, Gaw Decl. at ¶¶ 6-19. The parties had a telephonic conference on September 5, 2014. Id., at ¶ 6. However, after that telephonic conference on September 5, 2014, it appears that all communication, including different offers for resolving the parties' differences, has consisted of letters and e-mails. These letters and e-mails are not sufficient to satisfy the "personal consultation" requirement. *See ShuffleMaster*, 170 F.R.D. at 172 (exchange of letters does not satisfy meet and confer requirements). The parties, therefore, have not engaged in an adequate meet and confer for purposes of this motion. Accordingly, the motion to compel is hereby **DENIED** without prejudice.

IT IS SO ORDERED.

DATED: October 27, 2014

NANCY J. KOPPE United States Magistrate Judge